Installation Manual

RT-1000 Multichannel



Edited by:

RHOTHETA Elektronik GmbH Kemmelpark Dr.-Ingeborg-Haeckel-Str. 2 82418 Murnau Germany

Tel.: +49 8841 4879 - 0 Fax: +49 8841 4879 - 15

Internet: <u>www.rhotheta.de</u> E-Mail: <u>email@rhotheta.de</u>

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Note

The manufacturer reserve the right to make modifications at any time and without previous information of the here described product.

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1 System Installation Procedure

The following steps have to be done in sequence to use the direction finder system. In case of any problems during the installation procedure, do not continue the installation before the problem is eliminated.

1.1 Installation of the Antenna Mast

If an antenna mast is supplied, start the system installation with the mast construction. Detailed information described in the Antenna Mast User Manual.

Installation of the Antenna Mast			
Step	Description	Done	
	Choose the right position for your antenna installation.		
1	Good conditions are an open area, a position a few meters above the ground		
	and several 100 meters away from reflecting obstacles.		
2	Mount the antenna mast to the ground		
3	Tilting the antenna mast		
4	Mount the antenna cabinet to the antenna mast		
5	Connect the grounding for lighting protection		

If an antenna flange is supplied, start with the installation of the flange. Mount the flange to the ground or on a shelter, pull the antenna cable thru the flange in the same way as described for the antenna mast and connect the grounding.





Caution:

During installation, the antenna cable has to be pulled from the cabinet through the protection tube and the antenna tubes before it will be connected to the antenna. (Round plug does not fit through the protective tube)

1.2 Antenna installation

Detailed information is given in the Antenna User Manual and in the Figures below

Installation of the Antenna				
Step	Description		Done	
1	Fit the O-ring on mast tube	O-ring		
2	Pull the antenna cable throu	ugh the mast tube		
3	Connect RF cable to the BNC connector			
4	Screw cord grip tight to clar	np the RF cable		
5	Plug the control cables into	the connection board		
	RF connection Cord grip tight Connection board	X22 Connection ground brown X19 Connection west signa orange X15 Connection east signa yellow X17 Connection south sign green X13 Connection north sign black X21 Connection +15 V vol red	al Il Ial al tage	

Install	ation of the Antenna		
Step	Description	Done	
6	Screw antenna head onto mast tube		
7	Fit O-ring to lightning conductor rod		
8	Screw lightning conductor rod onto antenna head		
9	 Fix radiators Push clamping nut, clamping cone, washer and rubber seal onto radiator Push radiator fully into recess for radiator Carefully tighten clamping nuts 		Rubber Seal Clamping nut Radiator
10	Erect mast tube (if not already done)		

Installation of the Antenna					
Step	Description		Done		
11	Earth mast tube	Mechanical Interface Mast tube			
12	Align antenna Point north dipole (marked by red point on	radiator housing) northwards			

1.3 Antenna Cabinet Installation

If an external lightning protection is supplied, install the antenna cabinet to the antenna mast. More information is given in the antenna mast user manual.

Installation of the Antenna cabinet			
Step	Description	Done	
1	Mount the antenna cabinet to the antenna mast		
2	Route the cables through the waterproof flange		
3	Connect the Control cables (given in the cable plan for the antenna cabinet)		
4	Connect the RF cables (given in the cable plan for the antenna cabinet)		
5	Mount the cable anchorage for the four cables in the antenna cabinet		

Caution:

All cables should be installed with protection tubes. It is important that no water will stay in the protection tubes permanent.



1.4 DF Main Unit Installation

More information is given in the user manual, General System Description.

Installation of the DF Main Unit		
Step	Description	Done
1	Install the DF Main Unit cabinet in the shelter. (The unit should not be moved when the direction finder is working.) The flour should be flat and stabile to handle the weight of the direction finder system.	
2	Remove all transport locks	
3	Install the additional served component UPS 	

Instal	lation of the DF Main Unit	
Step	Description	Done
4	 Connect the installed component described in the connection plan: Start with the AC Power-IN and AC-Out of the UPS (the two cables are fit at the connection panel) 	
5	 Be sure that all components are switched off: Main Power Switch (S1, connection panel) DF Channels RF-Splitter DC Power Supply (+5V, -15V, +15V, +15V) 	
6	Connect the RF cable from the antenna to the connection panel (The cable has to be put through the cable bushing in the bottom of the cabinet.)	
7	Connect the antenna control signals to the connection panel (The cable has to be put through the cable bushing in the bottom of the cabinet.)	
8	Measure the AC Supply voltage 230 V _{rms} ±10 V	
9	Connect the DF Main unit to the AC Power Supply grid. Described in the connection plan.	
	Main Power AC Socket FB S1 FB S2 FB DSL1 FD DSL2 FD FB FB FB DSL1 FB DSL1 FB DSL1 FB DSL1 FB DSL2 FB DSL2 FB FB Conversition FB Conversition FB Conversition FB Conversition FB </td <td></td>	

Installation of the DF Main Unit		
Step	Description	Done
10	Switch ON the UPS The UPS displays "Power ON"	
11	Switch ON the Main Power Switch	
12	Switch ON the DC power supplies. (from left to right) • + 5 V • - 15 V • + 15 V one • + 15 V two The Power-ON LEDs must light up (green and orange)	
13	Switch on the RF-Splitter (described in the user manual of the RF-Splitter) The green Power-ON LED must light up	
14	 Switch ON the DF Channels successively If there is a problem in one channel, do not switch on the other channels. Solve the problem before. The 3 Power-ON LEDs must light up green If a Power-ON LED is Red, control the DC fuses of the DF Channel If a Power-ON LED do not light up, control the particular Power supply. The Receiver Power LED must light up green. Behave the receiver start up sequence described in the DF Channel user manual. The frequency display started with "88888888", followed by the system identification "RT-1000 A" and the actual software revision. 	
15	Switch ON the DF Control System, the MOXA NPort device. The actual IP address should be displayed in the MOXA display.	
16	Control the Power On LED of the network switch	
17	Control the Power On LED of the DSL Modems	
18	Switch on the IPC and the Monitor	

1.5 Start Up the DF Commander Software

The IPC is delivered with a Widows 7 licence. A local user is configured and the DF Commander software is installed. Detailed information about the software and the configuration are given in the DF Commander User Manual.

Start Up the DF Commander			
Step	Description		Done
1	After booting the IPC, start the DF Con icon.	nmander software with the desktop	
2	Configure the Network devices (if supp	lied) to the local requirements.	
	Device	IP Address	
	Modem a1		
	Modem b1		
	UPS		
	DF Control System/MOXA		
	Network Switch		
	IPC		
3	The DF Commander should be licence configured. If Not, follow the description configuration in the DF Commander Ma	d and a system should be pre- n for licencing and system anual.	
4	Establish the network connection to the	e DF Channels	
5	After starting up the software, no error present.	or warning notifications should be	
6	Configure the DF Commander to your	individual requirements	
7	Configure the bearing system		
8	Set the Administrator password		
9	Set the Technician password		

1.6 Phase Adjustment

There are two alternative methods for the phase adjustment. If an antenna model is supplied use method 1 if not, the second method is necessary. The Phase adjustment must be done for every DF Channel separately.

Phase Adjustment Method 1 with Antenna Model			
Step	Description	Done	
1	Connect the antenna model to the TEST-IN port of the RF-Splitter		
2	Feed in a RF-Signal in the ATC band range with a signal level of approx. -7 dBm at the antenna model RF input		
3	The north adjustment on the controller should be set to 0°.		
4	Adjust the receiver to the appropriate frequency.		
5	Move the antenna signal switch on the antenna model to the 000° (QDM 180°) position		
6	Turn the two rotary switches till the middle of the Phase Adjust LED light up are is reached. (Detailed description in the DF Channel manual)		

Phase Adjustment Method 2 without Antenna Model			
Step	Description	Done	
1	Position a test transmitter (e.g. walkie-talkie) approx. 100 m away, exactly to the north of the direction finder antenna (dipole north with label pointing towards the transmitter).		
2	The bearing display should show QDM 180° and QDR 0°.		
3	The north adjustment on the controller should be set to 0°.		
4	Turn the two rotary switches till the middle of the Phase Adjust LED light up is reached. (Detailed description in the DF Channel manual)		

Note:

The transmitter has to be exactly in the north of the Antenna. The bearing display has to show QDM 180° / QDR 000°. A deviation of more than \pm 1° will make it impossible to execute the phase adjustment. The receiving level should be greater > 80%.

Phase Adjustment				
Step	Description			Done
1	Do the phase adjustment for every DF Channel described in the DF Channel user manual.			
2	Note the phase adjustment values in connection to the DF Channel numbers			
	Channel Number	Coarse	Fine	
3				
4				
5				
6				
7				
8				
9				
10				

1.7 North Alignment of the Direction Finder Antenna

Start	Up the DF Commander	
Step	Description	Done
1	Set up a transmitter at an adequate distance (at least 100 m). From there, use a compass to determine the direction to the direction finder antenna. Caution: When measuring using the compass, ensure that during the measurement there are no objects (transmitters, cars) in the vicinity of the compass which could affect the magnetic field.	
2	Activate the transmitter and transmit a continuous signal. <u>Caution:</u> When transmitting with a monopole antenna (e.g. a hand held unit), care must be taken due to undefinable radiation conditions to ensure that the antenna is as free as possible from disturbance, i.e. vertically installed. <u>Note:</u> For hand held radio units it is advisable to hold the unit above your head. In this case the antenna points vertically upwards	
3	Rotate the direction finder antenna in the mast mounting until the controller, which is set to the transmitter frequency, indicates the QDM value determined by the compass (set the north adjustment to zero). In this case correcting the antenna setting by rotating clockwise (viewed from above the single dipole moves in the north east south west direction) reduces the indicated QDM value, a counter-clockwise rotation causes an increase. Note: The direction finder antenna should be rotated slowly with pauses because a considerable lag error occurs in the determination in the direction finding unit. For the final adjustment, the person rotating the antenna must move away from the antenna after each correction so as not to disturb the near field of the antenna and therefore influence the direction finding. Caution: When carrying out the above measurements there must be no objects (vehicles, parking aircraft, buildings etc.) in the vicinity of the transmitter or the direction finder which could disturb the wave propagation.	

1.8 Network Integration

To use a remote control PC, it is necessary to integrate the DF-System into the local network. RHOTHETA recommended doing this with the local network administrator using the Network Configuration manual.

Integration in the Local Network			-
Step	Description		Done
1	Connect the supplied Network interface LAN DSL Optical Fibre 		
2	Configure the Tower IP-Address		
3	Set the Network Switch User Name		
4	Set the Network Switch PW		
5	Configure the Network Switch IP-Address		
6	Configure the IP-Addresses of the DSL modems (if supplied)		
	Modem	IP-Address	
	Modem A2 (Tower)		
	Modem B2 (Tower)		

Caution:

If you change, the DF Control System IP-Address has to be set in the DF Commander in the IPC in the DF Main Unit.

Caution:

All steps must be done for the components in the DF Main unit and for the equipment next to the Remote PC.



1.9 Remote PC Installation

The installation, licencing and configuration of the DF-Commander software for the remote PC are described in the user manual of the DF Commander.

Installation of the DF Commander on a Remote PC				
Step	Description			Done
1	Install the DF Commander softwa execute the "setup.exe" file	are		
2	Licencing the software			
3	Configure the DF Commander so	oftware		
4	Create a System	System Name		
5	Create an Setup DF Channels	Number of Channels		
6	Connect the DF Channels to the	DF Control System		
	Channel	Socket (IP::Port)		
7	No Error or Warning should be di	splayed		
8	Change the frequency in all Channels			
9	Individualization of the Display			
10	Set Password for Administrator			
11	Set Password for Technician			

1.10 Integration of UPS

Integrate the UPS in the local network. RHOTHETA recommended doing this with the local network administrator and the UPS manual.

Integration of the Uninterruptable Power Supply			
Step	Description		Done
1	Configure the UPS IP-Address		
2	Configure the individual error manager	nent	

2 Flight Check

For exact north alignment under operating conditions and for determining the system accuracy at the actual installation site, a flight check should be carried out.

To do this, a continuous-signal transmitter is fitted in the aircraft, which then performs circular flights about the site of the direction finder. If the communication system of the aircraft is used as a transmitter, check beforehand whether this is suitable for continuous operation.

The radius of the circle and the flight speed shall be selected such that the "lag error" effect when determining the bearing is negligibly low. It must therefore be ensured that the angular velocity does not exceed 0.3° /s.

In the case of all flight checking measurements, it must be ensured that adequate reception field strength is present at the site of the direction finder antenna. Because of the quasi-optical wave propagation characteristic of VHF signals, there must also be a theoretical sight contact to the transmitter. If the transmitter is masked by hills, mountains, buildings or woods, the direction finder antenna cannot evaluate the directly transmitted signal, but instead assesses a signal which reaches the direction finder antenna via reflections. This normally leads to considerable bearing errors.

The instantaneous position of the aircraft can be determined by tracking with a theodolite or using a GPS receiver on the aircraft.

2.1 Determining the Position Using a Theodolite

Determining the Position Using a Theodolite		
Step	Description	Done
1	Set up the theodolite in the immediate vicinity of the direction finder antenna, aligned with magnetic north.	
2	The calibration aircraft then flies a circular flight path around the direction finder antenna and transmits a continuous signal.	
3	Track the aircraft using a theodolite.	
4	If the aircraft flies through a 10° mark, report this from the theodolite to the controller (e.g. by radio).	
5	Record the instantaneous bearing at the controller.	

2.2 Determining the Position Using a GPS Receiver

Determining the Position Using a GPS Receiver			
Step	Description	Done	
1	Store the site coordinates of the direction finder antenna in the GPS receiver.		
2	During the circular flight around the direction finder antenna record the QDM values deter-mined by the GPS receiver		
3	Transmit the positions by radio to the direction finder		
4	Compared the GPS data with the bearing.		

2.3 Simplified Method

If no theodolite or GPS receiver is available, a simplified measuring procedure must be used at the actual antenna installation site to precisely north align the system and determine its accuracy.

Route points:

With this method, the calibration aircraft overflies prominent landmarks (route points) the position of which has been previously determined from conformal maps (scale approximately 1: 200000). Note that the angular values determined using the map are relative to geographical north and must there-fore be corrected with the magnetic declination.

As the aircraft overflies the route point this is transmitted to the direction finder. At the direction finder the instantaneous bearing is recorded and compared with the desired value from the map. To achieve a constant bearing during the over-flight, the aircraft must fly radially relative to the direction finder antenna, i.e. must fly either towards the direction finder antenna or away from it.

Due to the unavoidable errors when overflying, the route points chosen should be at least 10 km from the direction finder antenna (at a distance of 10 km a lateral offset of 175 m, with regard to the direction finder, when overflying the route point produces an error of 1°).

The PTT button should be pressed and held for at least 10 seconds before and after the overflight, to enable the "before" and "after" history of the direction finding to be evaluated

3 Notes